

A Dependency Pair Framework for Relative Termination of Term Rewriting

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Termination of TRSs

\mathcal{R}_{len} :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{len(nil)} &\rightarrow \emptyset \\ \text{len(cons}(x, y)) &\rightarrow \text{s(len}(y)) \end{aligned}$$

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 \mathcal{R}_{len} :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{len}(\text{nil}) &\rightarrow \mathcal{O} \\ \text{len}(\text{cons}(x, y)) &\rightarrow \text{s}(\text{len}(y)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{len}(\text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{nil})))) \quad \text{len}([0, 0, 0])$$

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$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{len}(\text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{nil})))) & \text{len}([0, 0, 0]) \\ \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_{len}} \text{s}(\text{len}(\text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{cons}(\mathcal{O}, \text{nil})))) & 1 + \text{len}([0, 0]) \end{array}$$

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$\rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_{len}}$	$\text{s}(\text{s}(\text{len}(\text{cons}(\emptyset, \text{nil}))))$	$2 + \text{len}([0])$
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Termination

\mathcal{R} is terminating iff there is no infinite evaluation $t_0 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$

Relative Termination of TRSs

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Dependency Pairs [Arts & Giesl 2000, ...]

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Sub_D(r) := {t | t is a subterm of r with defined root symbol}

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Dependency Pairs

If $f(\ell_1, \dots, \ell_n) \rightarrow r$ is a rule and $g(r_1, \dots, r_m) \in \text{Sub}_D(r)$, then $f^\#(\ell_1, \dots, \ell_n) \rightarrow g^\#(r_1, \dots, r_m)$ is a dependency pair

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Termination of $(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R})$

$(\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{R})$ is terminating iff there is no infinite evaluation

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Reminder: Relative Termination of \mathcal{R}/\mathcal{B}

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Theorem: Chain Criterion [Arts & Giesl 2000]

\mathcal{R} is terminating iff $\mathcal{DP}(\mathcal{R})/\mathcal{R}$ is terminating

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- Key Idea:
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 - $Proc$ is complete:
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Timeline



- 2000: DP Framework for termination [Arts & Giesl 2000, ...]
- 2006: Problem #106 of the RTA list of open problems:
“Can we use the dependency pair method to prove relative termination?”
- 2016: Properties of \mathcal{R}/\mathcal{B} that allow to analyze the DP problem $(DP(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{B})$ [Iborra & Nishida & Vidal & Yamada 2016]
- 2023: Annotated Dependency Pairs for Probabilistic Rewriting [Kassing & Giesl 2023, Kassing & Dollase & Giesl 2024]
- 2024: Annotated Dependency Pairs for Relative Termination

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“Can we use the dependency pair method to prove relative termination?”
- 2016: Properties of \mathcal{R}/\mathcal{B} that allow to analyze the DP problem $(DP(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{B})$ [Iborra & Nishida & Vidal & Yamada 2016]
- 2023: Annotated Dependency Pairs for Probabilistic Rewriting [Kassing & Giesl 2023, Kassing & Dollase & Giesl 2024]
- 2024: Annotated Dependency Pairs for Relative Termination

Dependency Pairs for Relative Termination

Goal: DP approach better than $\mathcal{DP}(\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{B})/\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{B}$ (Termination of $\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{B}$)

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Domination

\mathcal{R} dominates $\mathcal{B} : \Leftrightarrow$ no defined symbol of \mathcal{R} in a right-hand side of \mathcal{B}

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Duplication

\mathcal{B} is duplicating $\Leftrightarrow \exists \ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{B}, x \in \mathcal{V}: x$ occurs more often in r than in ℓ .

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 $\mathcal{R}_{len}: \quad \text{len(nil)} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$ $\text{len}(\text{cons}(x, xs)) \rightarrow s(\text{len}(xs)) \quad \mathcal{B}_{com}: \quad \text{cons}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{cons}(x, xs))$

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$\mathcal{B}_{com}:$

$\text{cons}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{cons}(x, xs))$

$\mathcal{R}_{len}/\mathcal{B}_{com}$ terminates $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{DP}(\mathcal{R}_{len})/\mathcal{R}_{len} \cup \mathcal{B}_{com}$ terminates

Annotated Dependency Pairs

 $\mathcal{R}_2:$ $a \rightarrow b$ $\mathcal{B}_2:$ $b \rightarrow a$ $\underline{a} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1} \underline{b} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_1} \underline{a} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_1} \dots$

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$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2): \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b^\# \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$

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$$a^\# \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{}^{(\#)} b^\#$$

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 $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2): \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b^\# \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$ $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2): \left\{ \begin{array}{l} b^\# \rightarrow a^\# \\ b \rightarrow a \end{array} \right\}$

$$a^\# \xrightarrow{\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)} b^\# \xrightarrow{\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_1)} a^\#$$

Annotated Dependency Pairs

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$$\textcolor{red}{a} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)} b$$

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Relative $(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Chain

$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ is terminating iff there is no infinite evaluation

$$t_1 \xrightarrow[\mathcal{P}]{} (\rightarrow_{\mathcal{P}} \cup \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}})^* t_2 \xrightarrow[\mathcal{P}]{} (\rightarrow_{\mathcal{P}} \cup \rightarrow_{\mathcal{S}})^* \dots$$

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$f^\#$

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Chain Criterion

For \mathcal{B} non-duplicating: \mathcal{R}/\mathcal{B} is terminating iff $(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}))$ is terminating

Example: Division

$$24/[4, 3]$$

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$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3$$

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$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3 = 2$$

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$\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}}$:

- (a) $\text{minus } (x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
- (b) $\text{minus } (s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow \text{minus } (x, y)$
- (c) $\text{div } (\mathcal{O}, s(y)) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$
- (d) $\text{div } (s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(\text{div}(\text{minus } (x, y), s(y)))$

- (e) $\text{divL } (x, \text{nil}) \rightarrow x$
- (f) $\text{divL } (x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}(\text{div } (x, y), xs)$

Example: Division

$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3 = 2 = (24/3)/4$$

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\mathcal{B}_{com} :

- (g) $\text{divL } (x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL } (x, \text{switch } (y, xs))$
- (h) $\text{switch } (x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{switch } (x, xs))$
- (i) $\text{switch } (x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$

Example: Division

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$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3 = 2 = (24/3)/4 = 24/[3, 4]$$

$\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}}$:

- (a) minus $(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
- (b) minus $(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow \text{minus } (x, y)$
- (c) div $(\mathcal{O}, s(y)) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$
- (d) div $(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(\text{div}(\text{minus } (x, y), s(y)))$

- (e) divL $(x, \text{nil}) \rightarrow x$
- (f) divL $(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}(\text{div } (x, y), xs)$

\mathcal{B}_{com} :

- (g) divL $(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL } (x, \text{switch } (y, xs))$
- (h) switch $(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{switch } (x, xs))$
- (i) switch $(x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$

$$24/[4, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[\hat{4}, 3]$$

Example: Division

$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3 = 2 = (24/3)/4 = 24/[3, 4]$$

$\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}}$:

- (a) minus $(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
- (b) minus $(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow \text{minus } (x, y)$
- (c) div $(\mathcal{O}, s(y)) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$
- (d) div $(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(\text{div}(\text{minus } (x, y), s(y)))$

- (e) divL $(x, \text{nil}) \rightarrow x$
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\mathcal{B}_{com} :

- (g) divL $(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL } (x, \text{switch } (y, xs))$
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- (i) switch $(x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$

$$24/[4, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[\hat{4}, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[3, \hat{4}]$$

Example: Division

$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3 = 2 = (24/3)/4 = 24/[3, 4]$$

$\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}}$:

- (a) minus $(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
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- (d) div $(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(\text{div}(\text{minus } (x, y), s(y)))$

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- (g) divL $(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL } (x, \text{switch } (y, xs))$
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$$24/[4, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[\hat{4}, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[3, \hat{4}] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[3, 4]$$

Example: Division

$$24/[4, 3] = (24/4)/3 = 2 = (24/3)/4 = 24/[3, 4]$$

$\mathcal{A}_1(\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}})$:

- (a) $\text{minus}^\#(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
- (b) $\text{minus}^\#(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow \text{minus}^\#(x, y)$
- (c) $\text{div}^\#(\mathcal{O}, s(y)) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$
- (d1) $\text{div}^\#(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(\text{div}(\text{minus}^\#(x, y), s(y)))$
- (d2) $\text{div}^\#(s(x), s(y)) \rightarrow s(\text{div}^\#(\text{minus}(x, y), s(y)))$
- (e) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{nil}) \rightarrow x$
- (f1) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}(\text{div}^\#(x, y), xs)$
- (f2) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$

$\mathcal{A}_2(\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}})$:

- (g) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$
- (h) $\text{switch}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{switch}^\#(x, xs))$
- (i) $\text{switch}^\#(x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$

$$24/[4, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[\hat{4}, 3] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[3, \hat{4}] \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}} 24/[3, 4]$$

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{$ | }

(sound & complete)

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

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$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{$ | }

(sound & complete)

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

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$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{$ | }

(sound & complete)

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$

$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{$ | }

(sound & complete)

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$

($\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset$)-Dependency Graph:

(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})-Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

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$f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#)$

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($\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset$)-Dependency Graph:

$a^\# \rightarrow b$

$f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#)$

$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow_{b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})}^* v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

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Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

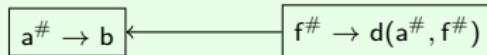
$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{$ | }

(sound & complete)

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$

$(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$ -Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

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$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{$ | }

(sound & complete)

$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$

($\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset$)-Dependency Graph:



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Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

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$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{ \quad | \quad \mathcal{Q} \in \text{scc}_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})} \}$$

(sound & complete)

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$$

$(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$ -Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow_{b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})}^* v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

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$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{Q}, (\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{Q}) \cup b((\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \setminus \mathcal{Q})) \mid \mathcal{Q} \in \text{scc}_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})} \} \quad \text{(sound \& complete)}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2 \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset) = \{(\mathcal{S}_2, \mathcal{P}_2)\}$$

$(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$ -Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow^*_{b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})} v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{Q}, (\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{Q}) \cup b((\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \setminus \mathcal{Q})) \mid \mathcal{Q} \in \text{scc}_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})} \} \quad \text{(sound \& complete)}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2, \mathcal{S}_2)$$

$(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2) \cup \mathcal{S}_2, \emptyset)$ -Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow^*_{b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})} v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

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$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2, \mathcal{S}_2)$$

$(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2), \mathcal{S}_2)$ -Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow^*_{b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})} v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{Q}, (\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{Q}) \cup \flat((\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \setminus \mathcal{Q})) \mid \mathcal{Q} \in \text{scc}_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})} \} \quad \text{(sound \& complete)}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2, \mathcal{S}_2)$$

($\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2), \mathcal{S}_2$)-Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow^*_{\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})} v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{Q}, (\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{Q}) \cup b((\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \setminus \mathcal{Q})) \mid \mathcal{Q} \in \text{scc}_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})} \cup \text{Lasso}\}$$

(sound & complete)

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2, \mathcal{S}_2)$$

($\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2), \mathcal{S}_2$)-Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow^*_{b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})} v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

$$\mathcal{P}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^\# \rightarrow b \\ a \rightarrow b \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_2: \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^\# \rightarrow d(a^\#, f^\#) \\ f \rightarrow d(a, f) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{Q}, (\mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{Q}) \cup \flat((\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \setminus \mathcal{Q})) \mid \mathcal{Q} \in \text{scc}_{\mathcal{P}}^{(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})} \cup \text{Lasso}\}$$

(sound & complete)

$$Proc_{DG}(\mathcal{P}_2, \mathcal{S}_2) = \{(\mathcal{P}_2, \mathcal{S}_2)\}$$

($\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{P}_2), \mathcal{S}_2$)-Dependency Graph:



$(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S})$ -Dependency Graph

- directed graph whose nodes are the ADPs from $\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- there is an arc from $s \rightarrow t$ to $v \rightarrow w$ iff $t^\# \sigma_1 \rightarrow^*_{\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S})} v^\# \sigma_2$ for substitutions σ_1, σ_2 .

Dependency Graph Processor

- (a) $\text{minus}^\#(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
- (b) $\text{minus}^\#(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \text{minus}^\#(x, y)$
- (c) $\text{div}^\#(\mathcal{O}, \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$
- (d1) $\text{div}^\#(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{div}(\text{minus}^\#(x, y), \text{s}(y)))$
- (d2) $\text{div}^\#(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{div}^\#(\text{minus}(x, y), \text{s}(y)))$
- (e) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{nil}) \rightarrow x$
- (f1) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}(\text{div}^\#(x, y), xs)$
- (f2) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$
- (g) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$
- (h) $\text{switch}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{switch}^\#(x, xs))$
- (i) $\text{switch}^\#(x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$

Dependency Graph Processor

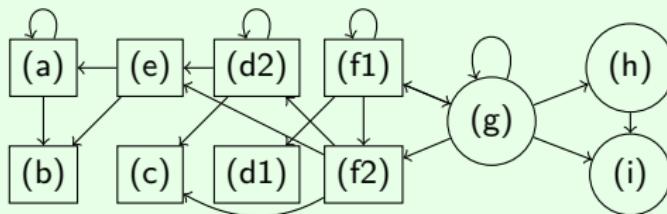
- (a) $\text{minus}^\#(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
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(i) $\text{switch}^\#(x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$

$(\mathcal{A}_1(\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}}), \mathcal{A}_2(\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}))$ -Dependency Graph:

Dependency Graph Processor

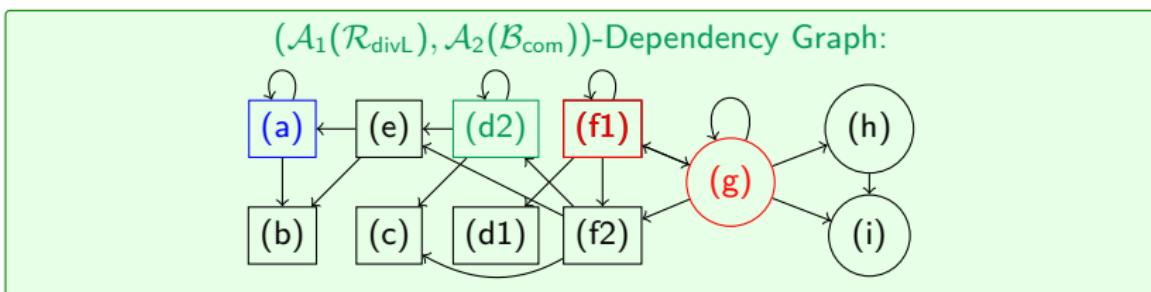
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$(\mathcal{A}_1(\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}}), \mathcal{A}_2(\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}}))$ -Dependency Graph:



Dependency Graph Processor

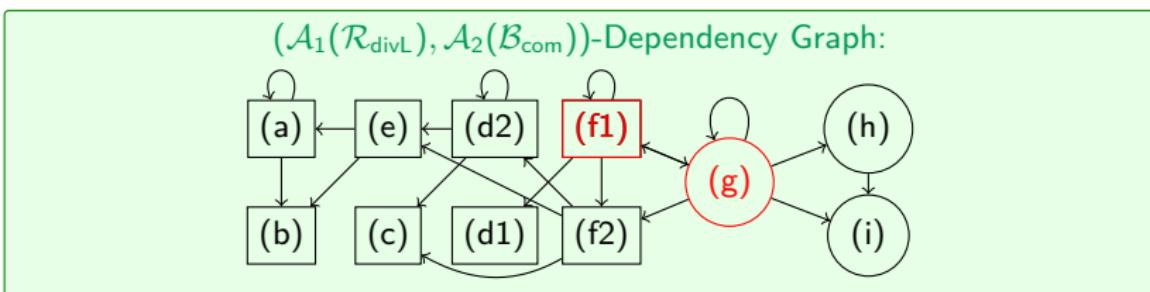
- (a) $\text{minus}^\#(x, \mathcal{O}) \rightarrow x$
- (b) $\text{minus}^\#(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \text{minus}^\#(x, y)$
- (c) $\text{div}^\#(\mathcal{O}, \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$
- (d1) $\text{div}^\#(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{div}(\text{minus}^\#(x, y), \text{s}(y)))$
- (d2) $\text{div}^\#(\text{s}(x), \text{s}(y)) \rightarrow \text{s}(\text{div}^\#(\text{minus}(x, y), \text{s}(y)))$
- (e) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{nil}) \rightarrow x$
- (f1) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}(\text{div}^\#(x, y), xs)$
- (f2) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$
- (g) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$
- (h) $\text{switch}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{cons}(y, \text{switch}^\#(x, xs))$
- (i) $\text{switch}^\#(x, xs) \rightarrow \text{cons}(x, xs)$



SCC: $\{(a)\}$, $\{(d2)\}$, and $\{(g), (f2)\}$

Dependency Graph Processor

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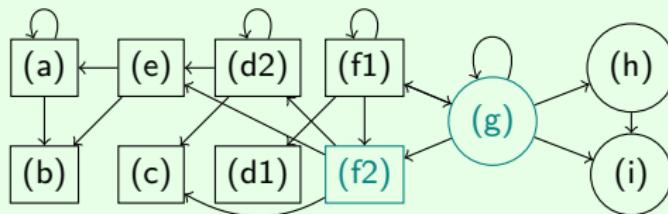
SCC: $\{(a)\}$, $\{(d2)\}$, and $\{(g), (f2)\}$

Lasso: $\{(g), (f1)\}$ and $\{(g), (f2)\}$

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($\mathcal{A}_1(\mathcal{R}_{\text{divL}})$, $\mathcal{A}_2(\mathcal{B}_{\text{com}})$)-Dependency Graph:

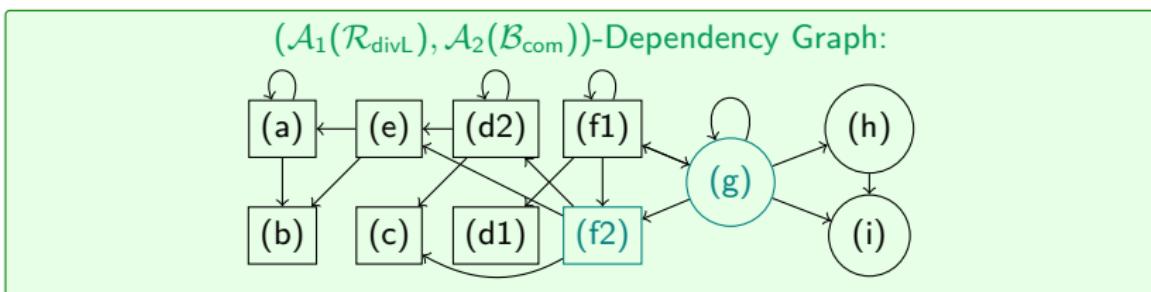


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Dependency Graph Processor

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- (f2)** $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$



SCC: $\{(a)\}$, $\{(d2)\}$, and $\{(g), (f2)\}$

Lasso: $\{(g), (f1)\}$ and $\{(g), (f2)\}$

Reduction Pair Processor (sound & complete)

(f2) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$

(g) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$

Reduction Pair Processor (sound & complete)

(f2) $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$

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Find natural polynomial interpretation *Pol*

Reduction Pair Processor (sound & complete)

$$(f2) \text{ divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs) \quad (g) \text{ divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find natural polynomial interpretation Pol such that $b(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \geq_{\text{Pol}}$ and

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$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_>, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_>) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_>))\}$$

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$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots)$$

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(sound & complete)

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots)$$

$\text{divL}_{\text{Pol}}^\#(x, xs)$	$=$	xs	$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}^\#(x, xs)$	$=$	0
$\text{cons}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$	$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$
\dots					

Reduction Pair Processor (sound & complete)

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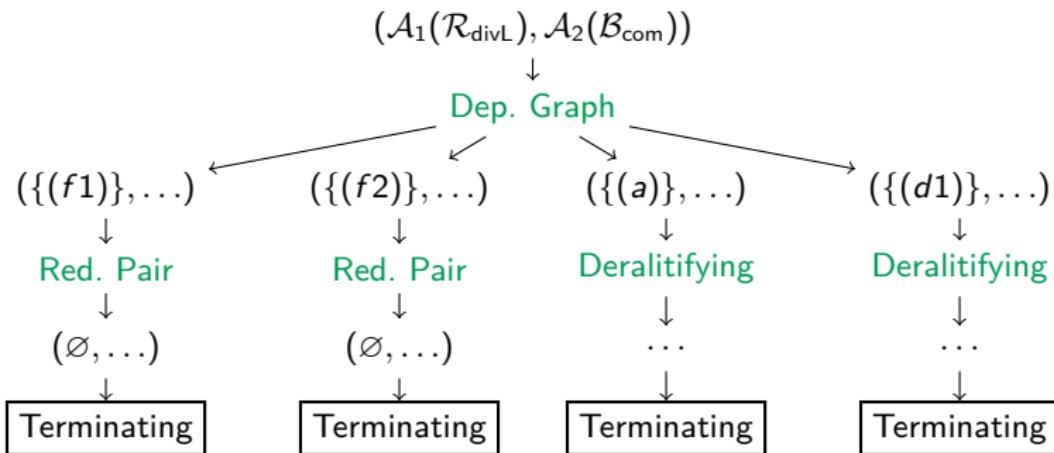
$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_>, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_>) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_>))\}$$

(sound & complete)

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots) = \{(\emptyset, \dots)\}$$

$\text{divL}_{\text{Pol}}^\#(x, xs)$	$=$	xs	$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}^\#(x, xs)$	$=$	0
$\text{cons}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$	$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$
\dots					

Final Relative Termination Proof



⇒ **Relative termination is proved automatically!**

Implementation and Experiments

Fully implemented in AProVE

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Relative rewriting (130 benchmarks):

	<i>new</i> AProVE	NaTT	<i>old</i> AProVE	T _T T ₂	MultumNonMultia
YES	91 (32)	68 (10)	48 (5)	39 (3)	0 (0)
NO	13 (0)	5 (0)	13 (0)	7 (0)	13 (0)

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	MultumNonMultia	Matchbox	AProVE	ADPs
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Equational rewriting (76 benchmarks):

	AProVE	MU-TERM	ADPs
YES	66	64	36

Conclusion

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- Adapted the core processors from DP framework:

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
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- Fully implemented in **AProVE**.

- Future Work:

- Further Processors to (dis)-prove relative termination
- Analyze further possibilities to use ADPs



Annotated Dependency Pairs

$\mathcal{R}_2:$ $a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$

$\mathcal{B}_2:$ $f \rightarrow a(f)$

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$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2):$ $a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$

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Annotated Dependency Pairs

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Annotated Dependency Pairs

$$\mathcal{R}_2: \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

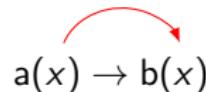
$$\mathcal{B}_2: \quad f \rightarrow a(f)$$

$$\underline{f} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} \underline{a(f)} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} b(\underline{f}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} b(\underline{a(f)}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} \dots$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2): \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

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Annotated Dependency Pairs

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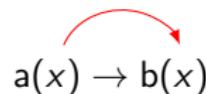
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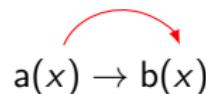
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$$f \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} \underline{a(f)} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} b(\underline{f}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} b(\underline{a(f)}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} \dots$$

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$$\mathcal{R}_2: \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_2: \quad f \rightarrow a(f)$$

$$f \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} \underline{a(f)} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} b(\underline{f}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} b(\underline{a(f)}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} \dots$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2): \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2): \quad f \rightarrow a^\#(f^\#)$$

$$f^\# \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2)]{} a^\#(f^\#) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{} b(f^\#) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2)]{} b(a^\#(f^\#)) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{} \dots$$

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x) \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x, x)$$

Annotated Dependency Pairs

$$\mathcal{R}_2: \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_2: \quad f \rightarrow a(f)$$

$$f \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} \underline{a(f)} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} b(\underline{f}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} b(\underline{a(f)}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} \dots$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2): \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2): \quad f \rightarrow a^\#(f^\#)$$

$$f^\# \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2)]{}^{(\#)} a^\#(f^\#) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{}^{(\#)} b(f^\#) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2)]{}^{(\#)} b(a^\#(f^\#)) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{}^{(\#)} \dots$$

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x) \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x, x) \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x, x)$$

Annotated Dependency Pairs

$$\mathcal{R}_2: \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

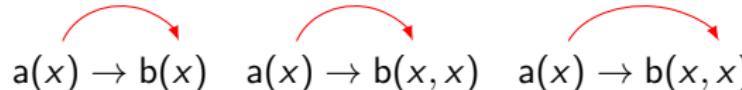
$$\mathcal{B}_2: \quad f \rightarrow a(f)$$

$$\underline{f} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} \underline{a(f)} \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} b(\underline{f}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{B}_2} b(\underline{a(f)}) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}_2} \dots$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_2): \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x)$$

$$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2): \quad f \rightarrow a^{\#}(f^{\#})$$

$$f^{\#} \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2)]{}^{(\#)} a^{\#}(f^{\#}) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{}^{(\#)} b(f^{\#}) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}_2)]{}^{(\#)} b(a^{\#}(f^{\#})) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}_1)]{}^{(\#)} \dots$$

$$a(x) \rightarrow b(x) \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x, x) \quad a(x) \rightarrow b(x, x)$$


Chain Criterion

For \mathcal{B} non-duplicating: \mathcal{R}/\mathcal{B} is terminating iff $(\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{R}), \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{B}))$ is terminating

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find Com-monotonic and Com-invariant reduction pair (\asymp, \succ)

Reduction Pair

- \asymp is reflexive, transitive, and closed under contexts and substitutions,
- \succ is a well-founded order and closed under substitutions
- $\asymp \circ \succ \circ \asymp \subseteq \succ$.

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\asymp, \succ) such that

Reduction Pair

- \asymp is reflexive, transitive, and closed under contexts and substitutions,
- \succ is a well-founded order and closed under substitutions
- $\asymp \circ \succ \circ \asymp \subseteq \succ$.

Com-monotonic

If $s_1 \succ s_2$, then $\text{Com}_2(s_1, t) \succ \text{Com}_2(s_2, t)$ and $\text{Com}_2(t, s_1) \succ \text{Com}_2(t, s_2)$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\lesssim, \succ) such that

Reduction Pair

- \lesssim is reflexive, transitive, and closed under contexts and substitutions,
- \succ is a well-founded order and closed under substitutions
- $\lesssim \circ \succ \circ \lesssim \subseteq \succ$.

Com-monotonic

If $s_1 \succ s_2$, then $\text{Com}_2(s_1, t) \succ \text{Com}_2(s_2, t)$ and $\text{Com}_2(t, s_1) \succ \text{Com}_2(t, s_2)$

Com-invariant

Let $\sim = \lesssim \cap \succ$, then

- $\text{Com}_2(s_1, s_2) \sim \text{Com}_2(s_2, s_1)$
- $\text{Com}_2(s_1, \text{Com}_2(s_2, s_3)) \sim \text{Com}_2(\text{Com}_2(s_1, s_2), s_3)$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs) \quad (g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\lesssim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \lesssim$ and $\ell^\# \lesssim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant** reduction pair (\succsim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succsim$ and $\ell^\# \succsim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$$\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \quad \succsim \quad \text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\succsim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \succsim$ and $\ell^\# \succsim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$$\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \quad \stackrel{\succ}{\succeq} \quad \text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_\succ))\}$$

(sound & complete)

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\lesssim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \lesssim$ and $\ell^\# \lesssim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$$\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \underset{\lesssim}{\subseteq} \text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = & \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_\succ))\} \\ & \text{(sound \& complete)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots)$$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\lesssim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \lesssim$ and $\ell^\# \lesssim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$$\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \quad \begin{array}{c} \lesssim \\ \succeq \\ \end{array} \quad \text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) = \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_\succ))\}$$

(sound & complete)

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots)$$

$\text{Com}_2 \text{Pol}(x, y)$	$=$	$x + y$	$\text{switch}^\#_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	0
$\text{cons}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$	$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$
$\text{divL}^\#_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	xs		\dots	

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\lesssim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \lesssim$ and $\ell^\# \lesssim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$$\begin{array}{ccl} \ell^\# & \lesssim & \text{ann}(r) \\ \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) & \succeq & \text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs)) \\ \textcolor{red}{Pol}(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs))) & \geq & \textcolor{red}{Pol}(\text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) &= \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_\succ))\} \\ &\quad (\text{sound \& complete}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots)$$

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{Com}_2 \textcolor{red}{Pol}(x, y) & = & x + y & \text{switch}^\#_{\textcolor{red}{Pol}}(x, xs) = 0 \\ \text{cons}_{\textcolor{red}{Pol}}(x, xs) & = & xs + 1 & \text{switch}_{\textcolor{red}{Pol}}(x, xs) = xs + 1 \\ \text{divL}^\#_{\textcolor{red}{Pol}}(x, xs) & = & xs & \dots \end{array}$$

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant** reduction pair (\lesssim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \lesssim$ and $\ell^\# \lesssim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$\ell^\#$	\lesssim	ann(r)
$\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs))$	\lesssim	$\text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$
$\text{Pol}(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)))$	\geq	$\text{Pol}(\text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs)))$
$xs + 1$	\geq	$xs + 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) &= \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_\succ))\} \\ &\quad (\text{sound \& complete}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots)$$

$\text{Com}_2 \text{Pol}(x, y)$	$=$	$x + y$
$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}^\#(x, xs)$	$=$	0
$\text{cons}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$
$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs)$	$=$	$xs + 1$
$\text{divL}_{\text{Pol}}^\#(x, xs)$	$=$	xs
		\dots

General Reduction Pair Processor

$$(f2) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(\text{div}(x, y), xs)$$

$$(g) \text{ divL}(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)) \rightarrow \text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$$

Find **Com-monotonic** and **Com-invariant reduction pair** (\lesssim, \succ) such that

- $\flat(\mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}) \subseteq \lesssim$ and $\ell^\# \lesssim \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P} \cup \mathcal{S}$
- $\ell^\# \succ \text{ann}(r)$ for all $\ell \rightarrow r \in \mathcal{P}_\succ$

$\ell^\#$ $\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs))$ $\text{Pol}(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{cons}(y, xs)))$ $xs + 1$	\lesssim \succeq \geq \geq	$\text{ann}(r)$ $\text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs))$ $\text{Pol}(\text{Com}_2(\text{divL}^\#(x, \text{switch}(y, xs)), \text{switch}^\#(y, xs)))$ $xs + 1$
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$$\begin{aligned} \text{Proc}_{RP}(\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{S}) &= \{(\mathcal{P} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ, (\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{P}_\succ) \cup \flat(\mathcal{P}_\succ))\} \\ &\quad (\text{sound \& complete}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Proc}_{RP}(\{(f2)\}, \dots) = \{(\emptyset, \dots)\}$$

$\text{Com}_2 \text{Pol}(x, y) = x + y$	$\text{switch}^\#_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs) = 0$
$\text{cons}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs) = xs + 1$	$\text{switch}_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs) = xs + 1$
$\text{divL}^\#_{\text{Pol}}(x, xs) = xs$	\dots